

Kohima College, Kohima.

Project On.  
Environmental Education 501

Topic :- Report on forest conservation in  
area / block / village / district.

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Forest Conservation is the practice of planting and maintaining forested areas for the benefit and sustainability of future generations. Conservation of forest also stands and aims at the quick shift in the composition of tree species and age distribution. It involves the upkeep of natural resources within a forest that are beneficial to both humans and the environment.

Forests are vital for human life because they provide a diverse range of resources: they store carbon and act as carbon sink, produce oxygen which is vital for existence of life on the earth, so they are rightly called as earth lung, help in regulating hydrological cycle, planetary climate, purify water, provide wild life -

- habitat, Reduce global warming, absorb toxic gases and noise, reduce pollution, conserve soil, mitigate natural hazards such as floods and landslides etc.

But sadly now-a-days, forest cover is depleting rapidly due to many reasons such as expansion of agriculture, timber plantation, other land uses like pulp and paper plantations, urbanization, construction of roads, industries, constitutes the biggest and severest threat to the forest causing serious environmental damage. Thus there is need of public awareness. or various strategies for the conservation of forest and awareness to people, which plays a vital role for maintaining a proper balance of environment. So that everyone must get involved in this national task.

References on forest conservation (Introduction)

<https://www.science direct.com>

# Forest Conservation in Tesophenyu Village. Kohima, Nagaland.



Forestry in Tesophenyu village is a

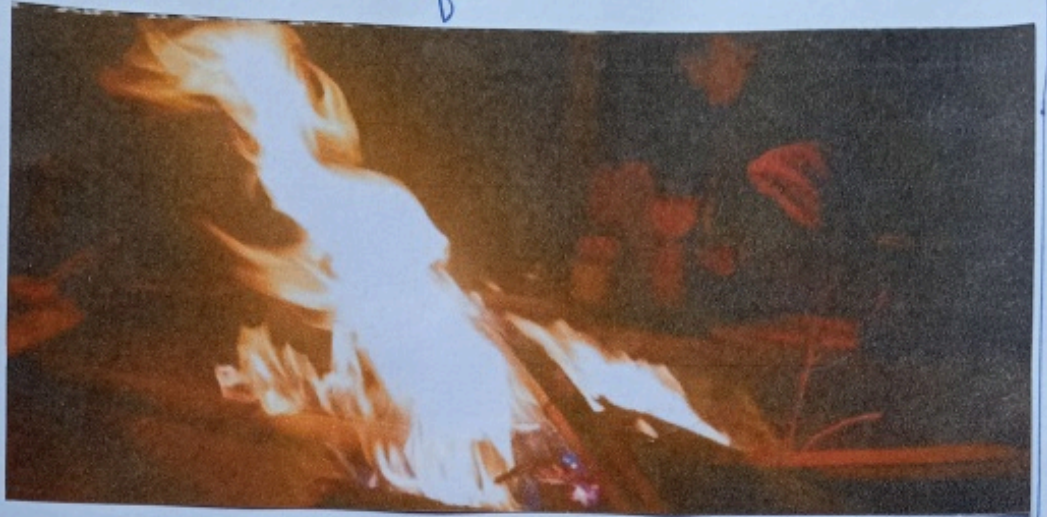
significant rural industry and a major environmental issues, but the forest of Tesophenyu are also endowed with rich fauna and flora as viewed.

As said that the Tesophenyu village have been conserving forest long ago even when the population are less and people don't have media or press to go for awareness. They conserve the forest within themselves or among them individually or groups. →

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Since forest play a significant role in sustaining human life. and meet the needs for ones own life.

People cut down trees to make firewoods to warmth and lighting.



to protect from predators and a way to create more hunting tools, to cook food and also allowed human activity to continue into the dark and colder hours of the evening. Forest provide us shelter, livelihoods, water, food and fuel security. All this activities directly or indirectly involve forests. Forest keep the earth cool by reducing global warming. It maintain the climate and prevent soil erosion and controlled floods, Provide economic benefits also provide oxygen clean air for human to breath in.

Meanwhile as the population grows higher the villagers or the people clear forest, cut down trees to provide for the families.



Forest were cleared for the agricultural purposes, building of houses for shelter, manching cattle, logging etc. They were cut down for money purposes too. This cultivation also leads to deforestation and a forest fire which killed species and wild life as well as make them homeless because as a villagers most of the household are farmers and cultivators depended on agricultural farming. As people living in Desophengy village depend on multiple

Skills. They go for hunting and trapping  
wild animals and birds to satisfy their  
hunger. as it has been necessary for →



Survival as well.

Animals were hunt down  
for their meat, skin as well as bones  
for our forefathers but as of today's  
mostly for meat. Hunting have become  
one of the villagers hobbies or habit  
for some of the male. For some it is



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Somehow like a job or duty do be accomplished, forgetting that animals inspire people do lead a sustainable life style. People uses pesticides where many many aquatic life were killed or harmed as well, and instead of going for a normal fishing insecticides were used which only not kill fishes but the whole aquatic, and many more methods were used which are toxic to aquatic life.

### • Population of Yesophenyu?

There are 11116 people living in this village where 5395 are males and 5721 are females as per 2011 census. Expected Yesophenyu population 2020/21 is between 10,783 and 12,228. Literate people are 7310 out of 3763 are male and 3547 are female. Total workers are 4742 out of which men are 2274 and women are 2468. Total 3458

Cultivators are depended on agriculture farming. Out of 1544 are cultivated by man and 1914 are women. 68 people works in agricultural land as a labour in Resophenyu, men are 43 and 25 are women.

Due to the population increases in Resophenyu village, the above mentions on forestfire/deforestation, hunting of animals or fishing etc. leads to different types of pollution which effect our human nature.

(References on Resophenyu population)  
- <<http://www.indiagowind.com>> Resophenyu.

\* However there are some measures given by the elderly people or the villages leaders to the village people to be taken to protect forest and wild life or animals as well as scheme given by the government of India, forest department, to be followed.

① The Department of forest had taken up massive campaign of awareness, education and sensitization from village to village, church to church, doors to doors and School to School.

② Planting of trees were practice not only at home but in school as well by the teachers to the every individual students. on the 5<sup>th</sup> June every



year and more by the youth or different type of organization along with the elderly village people.

(b) Re-planting of trees after cutting down for daily needs.

(c) Cutting of log in the reserved forest is strictly prohibited.

(d) Land which does not belong to any individual or clan are prohibited from cutting trees without the village council concern, or unless they approved.

f) Burning of forest without any season will be punished and also penalised with the huge amount of money.

g) Using chemicals to harvest fish will be punished as well as fine will be taken

h) During the month of April to August hunting of wild animals and birds is strictly prohibited / banned. Where any people caught killing wild animals at the given period will have to pay a fine and also their tools will be taken as well.

(1) Keeping in view of the National Wildlife Action Plan (2002-2016) the villagers had taken initiatives in protecting and conserving of migratory birds such as Amur falcon, great Indian hornbill, Magopan birds etc.

## Conclusion:-

Of all forest plays an important role in which both human, animals and aquatic life cannot live without it. Conservation and protection of forest and wildlife should be applied in daily life individually. It is a duty of every individual personally, students, NGO's, Youth organisation or different kind of organisation, every human that live to implement the rules and regulation instead of violating the laws given.

Forest are a home to every creatures that lives in. We must know the value and worth of forest and protect forest at our very best.

Quote :- - Louis L'Amour.

"A forest is a living thing like a human body each part dependent on all the other parts"